## **Geography Curriculum Intent**

Our aim is to provide students with a broad understanding of the world around them and to transform how they see the world. Students should leave Geography with a sense of awe and wonder. Students should be able to position themselves within every lesson but also look beyond the self to wider world connections and issues. Students must understand the importance of interaction and interdependence in the world that we live in today including the physical processes that have made the landscapes on Earth.

Spiritual underpinning: The world is God's creation and in it we wonder and should feel awe. Geographers explore the diversity and complexity of the landforms across the globe, to appreciate the design and beauty of natural processes. Geographers are exposed to different societies, cultures and ways of living to better understand the world we live in. They are given opportunities to compare their place in the world with others, to better reflect on how they may be courageous advocates for change. They are challenged to be the change they wish to see in the world.

## **Geography Long Term Plan**

Key themes



Place Physical processes Human processes Geographical skills

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
7	What skills do I need as	Why are some	Rivers—friend or foe?	Who does globalisation	Why are our rainforests	Why is it important to
	a geographer?	countries more	Students to understand	benefit?	under threat?	study weather and
	Introduction to key	developed that others?	the fundamental	Students to understand	Students to understand the	climate?
	geographical concepts	Students to understand	physical processes that	how the process of	components and	Students to learn why
	and skills.	the ways that	lead to landform	globalisation has	interdependence within a	the weather conditions
	Theme links:	development can be measured as well as why	creation. Students will	changed the world we	rainforest. Students will look at the global importance of	we have in the UK occur
	ً⊘*∰€₽	levels of development and	also look at how rivers	live in. This then leads	rainforest ecosystem before	as well as how weather
		equality vary. Theme links:	can both help and hinder humans.	to both winners and losers.	focusing on the current threats to it.	can impact the lives of people in the UK.
			Theme links:	Theme links:	Theme links:	Theme links:
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8	Is living on a plate	Should we be worried	How is the UK	Is Africa a changing	Is Africa a changing	Are UK coastlines under
	boundary a bad	about climate change?	changing?	continent?	continent?	threat?
	decision?	Students will look at the	Students will discover	Students will look how	Students will look how	Students to understand
	Students will	human and physical	the economic and social	places within the	places within the continent	the fundamental physical
	understand the	causes of climate	past of the UK before	continent are changing,	are changing, including the	processes that lead to
	fundamentals of plate	change before looking	looking at how these	including the social,	social, economic and	landform creation.
	tectonic theory and how	at the medium- and	factors have changes	economic and	environmental impacts of	Students will use a case
	this then leads to	long-term impacts of	over time and the	environmental impacts	these changes.	study to look at the
	earthquakes occurring.	climate change on	causes and impacts of	of these changes.	Theme links:	causes and impacts of
	Students will look at the	different regions.	these changes.	Theme links:		coastal erosion on
	impacts of the Turkey	Theme links:	Theme links:	Q *** <b>* 5</b> °°	9° 😤 🕊 😤 9°	coastal communities.
	earthquake.	<b>8</b> * # *	Q * 🛠 😻 호 🖧			Theme links:
	Theme links:					o 🖄 😫 🗞
	<b>2</b> *** **					
9	Is China the hegemonic	Is it possible to live in a	Is the world equal?	Does the world have	What statistical skills does	Should Antarctica be
	superpower of the 21st	desert?	Student will look at	enough resources?	a geographer need and	protected?
	century?	Students will look at the		Students will	why?	Students will look at the
	Students will be	physical factors found	different dimensions.	understand how	Students will learn about	physical Geography of
	introduced to superpower	in a desert and the	These will be	growing populations	the key statistical and	Antarctica before looking
	nations and what makes a	reasons for the	contextualised through	can impact resource	graphical skill required for	at why the continent is
	country powerful before	existence of deserts.	case studies.	availability as well as	GCSE Geography.	protected and potential
	moving on to look at	Students will then look	Theme links:	the choices being made	Theme links:	controversy surrounding
	factors which may now lead China to be the	at the challenges faced		about the type of		this.
	hegemonic world	by people living in a	2 🏝 😻 🚖 🗞	resource that should be		Theme links:
	superpower.	desert.		used.		
	Theme links:	Theme links:		Theme links:		Q 🏝 👙 😫 🗞
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10	The challenge of	The challenge of	Urban issues and	Urban issues and	Physical landscapes of the	Fieldwork AQA
	natural hazards AQA	natural hazards AQA	challenges AQA	challenges AQA	UK AQA	One day trip to Cuckmere
	Natural hazards pose major	Weather hazards	A growing percentage of the	<ul> <li>How urban change has</li> </ul>	Management strategies can be	Haven to investigate factors
	risks to people and property.	Global atmospheric	world's population lives in	created opportunities and	used to protect coastlines from	that affect beach morphology.
	Definition of a natural	circulation helps to	urban areas.	challenges	the effects of physical	One day trip to Battersea to
	hazard, types of natural	determine patterns of	Global pattern of urban	• An example of an urban	processes.	investigate the impact of
	hazard, factors affecting	weather and climate	change	regeneration project	<ul> <li>The costs and benefits of the</li> </ul>	regeneration.
	hazard risk.	• Tropical storms develop as	• Factors affecting the rate	Urban sustainability requires	hard and soft management	Devise question for
	<ul> <li>Earthquakes and volcanic</li> </ul>	a result of particular physical	of urbanisation in HICS &	management of resources	strategies.	geographical enquiry
	eruptions are the result of	conditions.	LICs	and transport.	Coastal management scheme	<ul> <li>Select, measure and record</li> </ul>
	physical processes.	• Tropical storms have	• The emergence of	• Features of sustainable	in the UK	data appropriate to the
	• The effects of, and	significant effects on people	megacities Urban growth	urban living	The shape of river valleys	chosen enquiry
	responses to, a tectonic	and the environment.	creates opportunities and	_	changes as rivers flow	• Select appropriate ways of
	hazard vary between areas	• Extreme weather events in	challenges for cities in LICs	• How urban transport strategies are used to reduce	downstream	processing and presenting
	of contrasting levels of	the UK have impacts on	and NEEs.	traffic congestion	• Long and cross profiles change	fieldwork data
	wealth.	human activity. Climate	• The location and	_	along the river valley Fluvial	Describe, analyse and
	Management can reduce	change	importance of the city,	Physical landscapes of	landforms result from different	explain fieldwork data
	the effects of a tectonic	• Climate change is the	regionally, nationally and	the UK	physical processes.	
	hazard.	result of natural and human	internationally	Distinctive coastal landforms	Characteristics and formation	Reach a conclusion
		factors, and has a range of	• Causes of growth: natural	are the result of rock type,	of landforms resulting from	<ul> <li>Evaluation of geographical</li> </ul>
		effects.	increase and migration	structure and physical	erosion and deposition	enquiry
		Managing climate change	• How urban growth has	processes.	• An example of a river valley in	
		involves both mitigation and	created opportunities and	<ul> <li>Characteristics and</li> </ul>	the UK to identify its major	
		adaptation	challenges • An example of	formation of landforms	landforms Management	
			how urban planning is	resulting from erosion.	strategies can be used to	
			improving the quality of life	Characteristics and	protect river landscapes from	
			for the urban poor	formation of landforms	the effects of flooding.	
			Urban change in cities in the	resulting from deposition	<ul> <li>Physical and human factors</li> </ul>	
			UK leads to a variety of	• An example of a section of	that affect the flood risk	
			social, economic and	coastline in the UK to	• Costs and benefits of hard and	
			environmental opportunities	identify its major landforms	soft engineering	

		<ul> <li>and challenges.</li> <li>The location and importance of the city in the UK and the wider world</li> <li>Impacts of national and international migration on the growth and character of the city</li> </ul>		• Case study of a flood management scheme	
	The living world AQA	The living world AQA	The changing economic	Issue evaluation AQA	
resource management	Ecosystems exist at a range	Hot deserts	world AQA	Pre Release / Public exams A	
<ul> <li>AQA</li> <li>Food, water and energy are fundamental to human development.</li> <li>An overview of global inequalities in the supply and consumption of resources. The changing demand and provision of resources in the UK create opportunities and challenges.</li> <li>A overview of resources in relation to the UK including food, energy and water</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>An example of a small scale UK ecosystem to illustrate the concept of interrelationships within a natural system</li> <li>The balance between components.</li> <li>An overview of the distribution and characteristics of large scale natural global ecosystems.</li> <li>Tropical Rainforests</li> <li>Tropical rainforest ecosystems have a range of distinctive characteristics.</li> <li>Deforestation has economic and environmental impacts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hot deserts</li> <li>Hot desert ecosystems have a range of distinctive characteristics.</li> <li>Development of hot desert environments creates opportunities and challenges.</li> <li>Areas on the fringe of hot deserts are at risk of desertification.</li> <li>The changing economic world AQA</li> <li>There are global variations in economic development and quality of life.</li> <li>Various strategies exist for reducing the global development gap.</li> <li>Case study on Nigeria and how they are experiencing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Case study on Nigeria and how they are experiencing rapid economic development which leads to significant social, environmental and cultural change</li> <li>Major changes in the economy of the UK have affected, and will continue to affect, employment patterns and regional growth.</li> </ul>	Pre Release / Public exams A resource booklet is made available 12 weeks before the exam based on an issue derived from the specification using secondary sources of data. They have to draw on their knowledge from the entire course so they can analyse a geographic issue at a range of scales, consider and select a possible option in relation to the issue and justify their decision. Students will develop a critical perspective on the issue(s) studied, consider the points of view of the stakeholders involved, make an appraisal of the advantages, and evaluate the alternatives.	

12	<b>Tectonic Landscapes</b> Enquiry question 1: Why are some locations more at risk from tectonic hazards? Enquiry question 2: Why do some tectonic hazards develop into disasters?	to be managed to be sustainably. Tectonic Landscapes Enquiry question 3: How successful is the management of tectonic hazards and disasters? Coastal landscapes Enquiry question 1: Why are coastal landscapes different and what processes cause these differences?	rapid economic development which leads to significant social, environmental and cultural change <b>Coastal landscapes</b> Enquiry question 2: How do characteristic coastal landforms contribute to coastal landscapes? Enquiry question 3: How do coastal erosion and sea-level change alter the physical characteristics of coastlines and increase risks?	Enquiry question 4: How can coastlines be managed to meet the needs of all players? Physical systems— Water Enquiry question 1: What are the processes operating within the hydrological cycle from global to local scale?	<b>Physical systems—Water</b> Enquiry question 2: What factors influence the hydrological system over short- and long-term timescales Enquiry question 3: How does water insecurity occur and why is it becoming such a global issue for the 21st century?	NEA
	Globalisation Enquiry question 1: What are the causes of globalisation and why has it accelerated in recent decades? Enquiry question 2: What are the impacts of globalisation for countries, different groups of people and cultures and the physical environment?	<b>Globalisation</b> Enquiry question 3: What are the consequences of globalisation for global development and the physical environment, and how should different players respond to its challenges?	Regenerating places Enquiry question 1: How and why do places vary? An in- depth study of the local place in which you live or study and one contrasting place. Enquiry question 2: Why might regeneration be needed	Regenerating places Enquiry question 2: Why might regeneration be needed? Enquiry question 3: How is regeneration managed?	<b>Regenerating places</b> Enquiry question 4: How successful is regeneration?	NEA
13	Physical systems— Carbon Enquiry question 1: How does the carbon cycle	Physical systems— Carbon Enquiry question 3: How are the carbon and water cycles	Superpowers Enquiry question 3: What spheres of influence are contested by superpowers	<b>Migration, Identity and</b> <b>Sovereignty</b> Enquiry question 3: What are the impacts of global	Paper 3/Revision	

operate to maintain planetary health? Enquiry question 2: What are the consequences for people and the environment of our increasing demand for energy?	linked to the global climate system? Superpowers Enquiry question 1: What are superpowers and how have they changed over time? Enquiry question 2: What	and what are the implications of this? <b>Migration, Identity and</b> <b>Sovereignty</b> Enquiry question 1: What are the impacts of globalisation on international migration? Enquiry question 2: How are	organisations on managing global issues and conflicts? Enquiry question 4: What are the threats to national sovereignty in a more globalised world? <b>Paper 3</b>	
	Enquiry question 2: What are the impacts of superpowers on the global economy, political systems and the physical environment	Enquiry question 2: How are nation states defined and how have they evolved in a globalising world?		